

$$\omega_0 = \frac{E_1 - E_0}{\hbar}$$

$$E(t) = A \cos(\omega_0 t) \implies I(\omega) = A^2 \delta(\omega - \omega_0)$$

$$t < 0 \implies E(t) = 0$$

N ÁTOMOS EXCITADOS

$$N_e(t + dt) = N_e(t) - A dt N$$

$$N_e(t) + \frac{dN_e}{dt} dt = N_e(t) - A dt N$$

Prob
DE EMITIR
DE UNIDAD
DE TIEMPO

$$\frac{dN_e}{dt} = -AN \implies N_e(t) = N e^{-At}$$

$$I(t) \propto \frac{dN_e}{dt} = -AN_e = -ANe^{-At}$$

$$I(t) = I_0 e^{-At}$$

$$E(t) = A \cos \omega t \Rightarrow I \propto A^2$$

$$E(t) = E_0 e^{-\frac{At}{2}} \cos(\omega t) \quad \omega \gg A$$

$$E(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0 \\ E_0 e^{-\frac{At}{2}} \cos(\omega t) & t \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$I(\omega) \propto \frac{1}{(\omega - \omega_0)^2 + \left(\frac{A}{2}\right)^2}$$

$$\Delta t \Delta \omega \sim \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{A} \Delta \omega \sim \frac{1}{2} \quad \Delta \omega \sim \frac{A}{2}$$

Ensanchamiento Doppler

$$\frac{\partial^2 \mathcal{E}}{\partial t^2} = v \frac{\partial^2 \mathcal{E}}{\partial x^2} \implies \omega_0 = vk$$

Átomo moviéndose $-V$

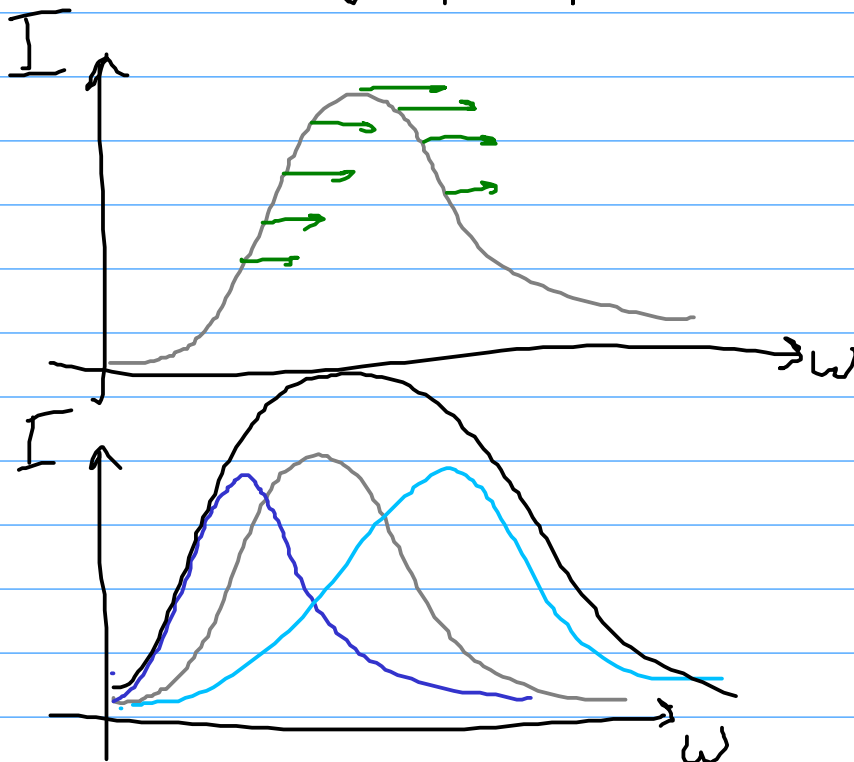
$$v - V$$

$$\omega' = (v - V)k$$

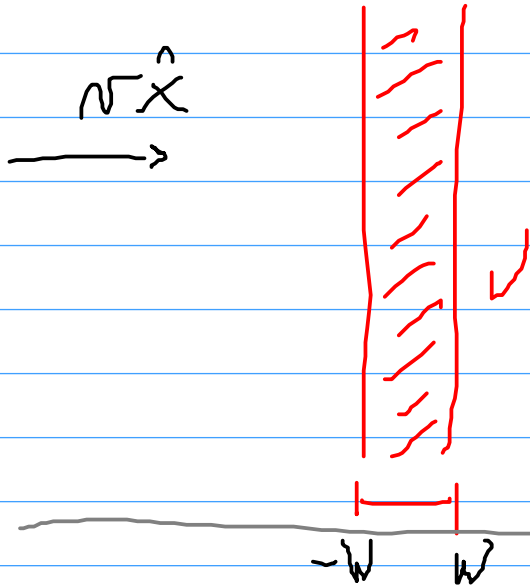
$$\omega' = \omega_0 - vk$$

$$\omega' = \sqrt{\frac{1 - \beta}{1 + \beta}} \omega$$

$$k = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda}$$



Tiempo de tránsito



$$\Delta t \Delta \omega \sim \frac{1}{4\pi}$$

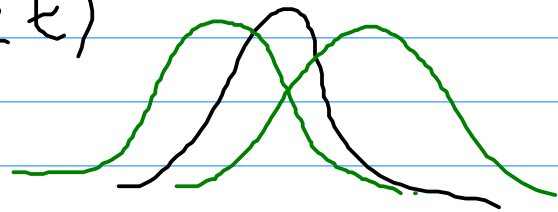
$$\Delta t = \frac{2W}{v}$$

$$\Delta \omega \sim \frac{v}{8\pi W}$$

$$X(t) = X_0 \sin(\Omega t)$$

$$v(t) = X_0 \Omega \cos(\Omega t)$$

$$\omega' = \omega - vk$$



$$\omega'(t) = \omega - kX_0 \Omega \cos(\Omega t)$$



$$E(t) = E_0 \cos(\phi(t))$$

$$\phi = \int_0^t \omega(t) dt \quad \frac{d\phi}{dt} = \omega \Rightarrow \phi(t) = \omega t - kX_0 \sin \Omega t$$

$$E(t) = E_0 \cos(\omega t - kX_0 \sin \Omega t)$$