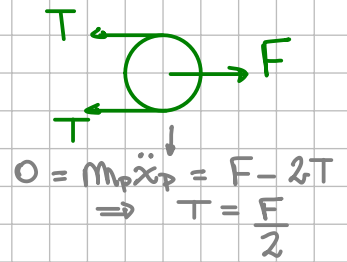
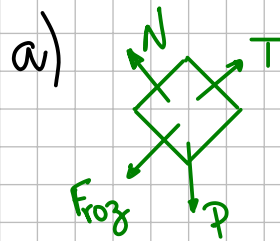
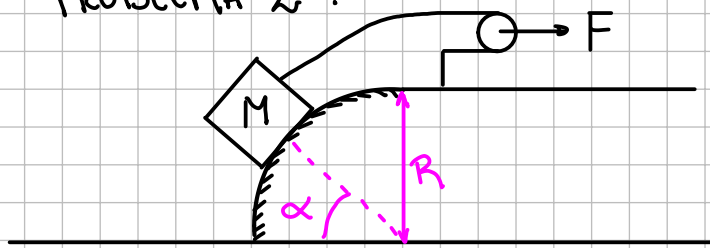


PROBLEMA 2:



Escribe las ecs. de Newton para M:

$$\hat{r}) \quad M(\ddot{r} - r\dot{\alpha}^2) = -MR\dot{\alpha}^2 = N - Mg \operatorname{sen} \alpha$$

$$\hat{\theta}) \quad M(r\ddot{\alpha} + 2\dot{r}\dot{\alpha}) \stackrel{r=R=\text{cte}}{=} MR\ddot{\alpha} = T - F_{\text{roz}} - Mg \operatorname{cos} \alpha$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} -MR\dot{\alpha}^2 = N - Mg \operatorname{sen} \alpha \\ MR\ddot{\alpha} = \frac{F}{2} - F_{\text{roz}} - Mg \operatorname{cos} \alpha \end{cases} \quad \rightsquigarrow \text{Ec. de Movimiento.}$$

b) F_{min} y F_{max} tales que M no se mueva.

Sabemos que $|F_{\text{roz}}| \leq \mu N$. En este caso además hay que considerar que la tensión no puede ser negativa, pues la soga no puede empujar. \Rightarrow F tampoco puede ser negativa

Entonces, $F_{\text{roz}} = \frac{F}{2} - Mg \operatorname{cos} \alpha$ y $N = Mg \operatorname{sen} \alpha$

$$-Mg \operatorname{sen} \alpha \leq \frac{F}{2} - Mg \operatorname{cos} \alpha \leq Mg \operatorname{sen} \alpha \Rightarrow Mg \operatorname{cos} \alpha - \mu Mg \operatorname{sen} \alpha \leq \frac{F}{2} \leq Mg \operatorname{cos} \alpha + \mu Mg \operatorname{sen} \alpha$$

$$\Rightarrow 2Mg(\operatorname{cos} \alpha - \mu \operatorname{sen} \alpha) \leq F \leq 2Mg(\operatorname{cos} \alpha + \mu \operatorname{sen} \alpha) \Rightarrow F_{\text{max}} = 2Mg(\operatorname{cos} \alpha + \mu \operatorname{sen} \alpha)$$

tiene que ser positivo

$$y \quad F_{\text{min}} = \begin{cases} 2Mg(\operatorname{cos} \alpha - \mu \operatorname{sen} \alpha) & \text{si } \operatorname{cos} \alpha > \mu \operatorname{sen} \alpha \\ 0 & \text{si no} \end{cases}$$

c) $N = N(\alpha)$.

Tenemos $N = Mg \operatorname{sen} \alpha - MR\dot{\alpha}^2$

$$\ddot{\alpha} = \frac{d\dot{\alpha}}{d\alpha} \dot{\alpha} = \frac{F}{2MR} - \frac{g}{R} \operatorname{cos} \alpha$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{\alpha_0}^{\alpha} d\dot{\alpha}' \dot{\alpha}' = \int_{\alpha_0}^{\alpha} d\alpha' \left(\frac{F}{2MR} - \frac{g}{R} \operatorname{cos} \alpha' \right)$$

$$\frac{\dot{\alpha}^2}{2} = \frac{F}{2MR} (\alpha - \alpha_0) - \frac{g}{R} (\operatorname{sen} \alpha - \operatorname{sen} \alpha_0)$$

$$\Rightarrow N = Mg \operatorname{sen} \alpha - MR \left[\frac{F}{MR} (\alpha - \alpha_0) - \frac{2g}{R} (\operatorname{sen} \alpha - \operatorname{sen} \alpha_0) \right]$$

$$N(\alpha) = Mg(3 \operatorname{sen} \alpha - 2 \operatorname{sen} \alpha_0) - F(\alpha - \alpha_0)$$