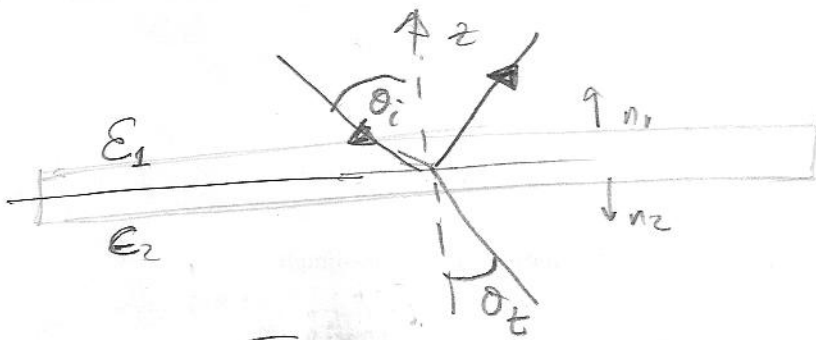


5



$$\text{Fuergo seshud material jerg} + \frac{d\overline{P}_{em}}{dt} = \oint \overline{T}_0 \cdot \hat{n} ds$$

$$\overline{P}_{em} = \frac{\overline{S}}{c^2} = \overline{g}$$

$$\langle \overline{F} \rangle = \langle \oint \overline{T}_0 \cdot \hat{n} ds \rangle - \left\langle \int \frac{\partial g}{\partial t} \right\rangle$$

$$\left\langle \int \frac{\partial g}{\partial t} dV \right\rangle = \frac{1}{\delta} \int_0^\delta dt \int \frac{\partial g}{\partial t} dV = \int_V [g(z) - g(0)]$$

$\delta \rightarrow \infty$ $g(\delta)$ oscila

(No. maeja k terena amon'eo.)

$$\langle F_z \rangle = \int_{S_1} \langle T_{zz} \rangle dS_1 - \int_{S_2} \langle T_{zz} \rangle dS_2$$

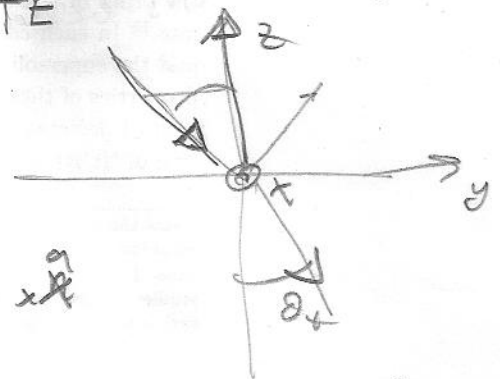
$$T_{zz} = \frac{1}{4\pi} \left[\epsilon E_z^2 + \frac{1}{\mu} B_z^2 - \frac{1}{2} (\epsilon E^2 + \frac{1}{\mu} B^2) \right]$$

bEB

$\overline{B} = n\hat{k} \times \overline{E}$ (Escribamos todo usando el $\hat{k} \times \overline{E}$)

$$\overline{E}_i = E_i e^{i(\mathbf{k}_i \cdot \mathbf{r} - \omega t)}$$

$$\overline{B}_i = \sqrt{\mu_1 \epsilon_1} E_i e^{i(\mathbf{k}_i \cdot \mathbf{r} - \omega t)} \hat{k}_i \times \hat{a}$$



$$\hat{k}_i = -\cos \theta_i \hat{z} + \sin \theta_i \hat{y} ; \quad \hat{k}_{TE} = -\cos \theta_t \hat{z} + \sin \theta_t \hat{y}$$

$$k_n = \cos \theta_i \hat{z} + \sin \theta_i \hat{y}$$

$$\hat{b}_i \times \hat{x} = (-\cos\theta; \hat{z} + \sin\theta; \hat{y}) \times \hat{x} = (-\cos\theta; \hat{y} - \hat{z} \sin\theta;)$$

$$= -(\cos\theta; \hat{y} + \hat{z} \sin\theta;)$$

$$\bar{E}_1 = [E_i e^{i(b_i \cdot \bar{r} - \omega t)} + E_n e^{i(\bar{b}_n \cdot \bar{r} - \omega t)}] \hat{x}$$

$$\bar{E}_n = E_n e^{i(\bar{b}_n \cdot \bar{r} - \omega t)} \hat{x}$$

$$\bar{B}_n = \sqrt{\mu_1 \epsilon_1} E_n e^{i(\bar{b}_n \cdot \bar{r} - \omega t)} (\cos\theta; \hat{z} + \sin\theta; \hat{y}) \times \hat{x}$$

$$\bar{B}_n = \sqrt{\mu_1 \epsilon_1} E_n e^{i(\bar{b}_n \cdot \bar{r} - \omega t)} [\cos\theta; \hat{y} + \sin\theta; (-\hat{z})]$$

$$\bar{B}_i = \sqrt{\mu_1 \epsilon_1} E_i e^{i(b_i \cdot \bar{r} - \omega t)}$$

$$\bar{B} = \sqrt{\mu_1 \epsilon_1} \left\{ \cos\theta; \hat{y} [E_n e^{i(\bar{b}_n \cdot \bar{r} - \omega t)} + E_i e^{i(b_i \cdot \bar{r} - \omega t)}] + \sin\theta; \hat{z} [E_n e^{i(\bar{b}_n \cdot \bar{r} - \omega t)} + E_i e^{i(b_i \cdot \bar{r} - \omega t)}] \right\}$$

At $z=0$

$$E_z = 0$$

$$B_z = B_n|_{z=0} + B_i|_{z=0} = \sqrt{\mu_1 \epsilon_1} \left\{ -E_n \sin\theta; e^{i b_i \sin\theta; y} - E_i \sin\theta; e^{i b_i \sin\theta; y} \right\}$$

$$= -\sqrt{\mu_1 \epsilon_1} \sin\theta; e^{i b_i \sin\theta; y} (E_n + E_i)$$

$$\langle B_z^2 \rangle = \mu_1 \epsilon_1 \sin^2 \theta; (E_n + E_i) (E_n^* + E_i^*) / 2$$

$$= \frac{\mu_1 \epsilon_1 \sin^2 \theta;}{2} [|E_n|^2 + |E_i|^2 + 2 \operatorname{Re}(E_n E_i^*)]$$

$$E_i E_n^*|_{z=0} = (E_i e^{i b_i \sin\theta; y} + E_n e^{i b_i \sin\theta; y}) (E_i^* e^{-i b_i \sin\theta; y} + E_n^* e^{-i b_i \sin\theta; y})$$

$$= |E_i|^2 + |E_n|^2 + 2 \operatorname{Re}(E_i E_n^*)$$

$$\langle E^2 \rangle = \frac{1}{2} [|E_i|^2 + |E_n|^2 + 2 \operatorname{Re}(E_i E_n^*)]$$

$$B \cdot B^* = \mu_1 \epsilon_1 \left\{ \cos^2 \theta; (E_n e^{i b_i \sin\theta; y} + E_i e^{i b_i \sin\theta; y}) (E_n^* e^{-i b_i \sin\theta; y} + E_i^* e^{-i b_i \sin\theta; y}) + \sin^2 \theta; (-E_n e^{i b_i \sin\theta; y} + E_i e^{i b_i \sin\theta; y}) (E_n^* e^{-i b_i \sin\theta; y} + E_i^* e^{-i b_i \sin\theta; y}) \right\}$$

$$\times (-E_n^* e^{-i k_z \sin \theta_i y} + E_i^* e^{-i k_z \sin \theta_i y}) \Big\}$$

$$= \mu_1 \epsilon_1 \left\{ \omega^2 \theta_i \left[|E_n|^2 + |E_i|^2 + 2 \operatorname{Re}(E_n E_i^*) \right] + \right. \\ \left. \sin^2 \theta_i \left[|E_n|^2 + |E_i|^2 - 2 \operatorname{Re}(E_n E_i^*) \right] \right\}$$

$$\langle B^2 \rangle = \frac{1}{2} \mu_1 \epsilon_1 \left\{ |E_n|^2 + |E_i|^2 - 2 \operatorname{Re}[E_n E_i^*] (\cos^2 \theta_i - \sin^2 \theta_i) \right\}$$

$$\langle T_{zz} \rangle_1 = \frac{1}{4\pi} \left\{ \frac{\epsilon_1}{2} \sin^2 \theta_i \left[|E_n|^2 + |E_i|^2 + 2 \operatorname{Re}(E_n E_i^*) \right] + \right. \\ \left. - \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_1 \frac{1}{2} \left[|E_n|^2 + |E_i|^2 + 2 \operatorname{Re}(E_i E_n^*) \right] - \right. \\ \left. - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_1 \left[|E_n|^2 + |E_i|^2 - 2 \operatorname{Re}(E_n E_i^*) \right] (\cos^2 \theta_i - \sin^2 \theta_i) \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \frac{\epsilon_1}{4\pi} \left\{ \sin^2 \theta_i (|E_n|^2 + |E_i|^2) - (|E_n|^2 + |E_i|^2) + \right. \\ \left. + \operatorname{Re}(E_n E_i^*) \left[\sin^2 \theta_i - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} (\cos^2 \theta_i - \sin^2 \theta_i) \right] \right\} = 0$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \frac{\epsilon_1}{4\pi} (|E_n|^2 + |E_i|^2) \cos^2 \theta_i$$

Vamos sobre el medio 2.

$$\vec{E}_2 = E_t e^{i(\vec{k}_t \cdot \vec{r} - \omega t)} \quad \hat{x}$$

$$\vec{B}_2 = \sqrt{\mu_2 \epsilon_2} E_t e^{i(\vec{k}_t \cdot \vec{r} - \omega t)} \quad (\hat{k}_t \times \hat{x})$$

$$\hat{k}_t = -\cos \theta_t \hat{z} + \sin \theta_t \hat{y}$$

$$\hat{z} \times \hat{x} = (-\cos\theta_t \hat{z} + \sin\theta_t \hat{y}) \times \hat{x} \\ = -\cos\theta_t \hat{y} - \sin\theta_t \hat{z}$$

$$E_z|_{z=0^-} = 0$$

$$E \cdot E|_{z=0} = |E_t|^2$$

$$B \cdot B^x|_{z=0} = \mu_2 \epsilon_2 |E_t|^2 (\cos^2\theta_t + \sin^2\theta_t) \\ = \mu_2 \epsilon_2 |E_t|^2$$

$$B_z^2 = B_2 B_z^x = \mu_2 \epsilon_2 |E_t|^2 \sin^2\theta_t$$

$$\langle T_{zz} \rangle_2 = \frac{1}{4\pi} \left\{ \frac{\epsilon_2}{2} |E_t|^2 \sin^2\theta_t - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\epsilon_2 |E_t|^2}{2} + \frac{\epsilon_2 |E_t|^2}{2} \right) \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4\pi} \left\{ \frac{\epsilon_2}{2} |E_t|^2 \sin^2\theta_t - \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_2 |E_t|^2 \right\}$$

$$= -\frac{\epsilon_2 |E_t|^2 \cos^2\theta_t}{8\pi}$$

$$p_{rad} = -\frac{F_z}{dS} = -\langle T_{zz} \rangle_{z=0^+} + \langle T_{zz} \rangle_{z=0^-}$$

$$p_{rad} = \frac{\epsilon_1}{8\pi} (|E_n|^2 + |E_t|^2) \cos^2\theta_i - \frac{\epsilon_2}{8\pi} |E_t|^2 \cos^2\theta_t$$