

P1

a) S_j observables

$$S_x = \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad S_x^\dagger = \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$S_x = S_x^\dagger \Rightarrow \text{hermítico}$$

$$S_y = \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i & 0 \\ i & 0 & -i \\ 0 & i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad S_y^\dagger = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i & 0 \\ -(-i) & 0 & -i \\ 0 & -(-i) & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i & 0 \\ i & 0 & -i \\ 0 & i & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$S_y = S_y^\dagger \Rightarrow \text{hermítico}$$

$$S_z = \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad S_z^\dagger = \frac{\hbar}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$S_z = S_z^\dagger \Rightarrow \text{hermítico}$$

b) $P_j = \prod_{i \neq j} \frac{(A - a_i)}{(a_j - a_i)} \quad a_i = \{-\hbar, 0, \hbar\}$

$|-, x\rangle \quad [-\hbar]$

$$P_{-\hbar} = \frac{(S_z - 0)}{(-\hbar - 0)} \cdot \frac{(S_z - \hbar)}{(-\hbar - \hbar)} = \frac{S_z(S_z - \hbar)}{-\hbar(-2\hbar)} = \frac{S_z^2 - \hbar S_z}{2\hbar^2}$$

$$P_{-\hbar} |+\rangle = \left(\frac{S_x^2 - \hbar S_x}{2\hbar^2} \right) |+\rangle = \frac{1}{2\hbar^2} \left(\frac{\hbar^2}{2} (|+\rangle + |-\rangle) - \hbar^2 |0\rangle \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{|+\rangle}{2} + \frac{|-\rangle}{2} - |0\rangle \right]$$

Normalizado $\left[P_{-\hbar} |+\rangle = \frac{|+\rangle}{2} + \frac{|0\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{|-\rangle}{2} \right]$

$$S_x = \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{2}} [|+\rangle\langle 0| + |0\rangle\langle +| + |0\rangle\langle -| + |-\rangle\langle 0|]$$

$$S_x |+\rangle = \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{2}} |0\rangle$$

$$S_x^2 = \frac{\hbar^2}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{\hbar^2}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$S_x^2 = \frac{\hbar^2}{2} (|+\rangle\langle +| + |+\rangle\langle -| + |-\rangle\langle +| + 2|0\rangle\langle 0| + |-\rangle\langle -| + |-\rangle\langle +| + |+\rangle\langle -|)$$

$$S_x^2 |+\rangle = \frac{\hbar^2}{2} (|+\rangle + |-\rangle) \quad S_x^2 |0\rangle = \hbar^2 |0\rangle \quad S_x^2 |-\rangle = \frac{\hbar^2}{2} (|+\rangle + |-\rangle)$$

$$P_{\hbar} = \frac{(S_x - 0)}{(\hbar - 0)} \frac{(S_x + \hbar \mathbb{1})}{(\hbar + \hbar)} = \frac{S_x (S_x + \hbar \mathbb{1})}{2\hbar^2} = \frac{(S_x^2 + \hbar S_x)}{2\hbar^2}$$

Normalizado

$$P_{\hbar} |+\rangle = \frac{|+\rangle + |0\rangle + |-\rangle}{2}$$

$$P_0 = \frac{(S_x + \hbar \mathbb{1})}{(0 + \hbar)} \frac{(S_x - \hbar \mathbb{1})}{(0 - \hbar)} = \frac{S_x^2 - S_x \hbar \mathbb{1} + \hbar \mathbb{1} S_x - \hbar^2 \mathbb{1}}{-\hbar^2} = \frac{\hbar^2 \mathbb{1} - S_x^2}{\hbar^2}$$

$$P_0 |+\rangle = |+\rangle - \frac{1}{2} [|+\rangle + |-\rangle] = \frac{1}{2} (|+\rangle - |-\rangle)$$

Normalizado

$$P_0 |+\rangle = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} [|+\rangle - |-\rangle]$$

a)

$$S_y = \frac{\hbar i}{\sqrt{2}} [-|+\rangle\langle 0| + |0\rangle\langle +| - |+\rangle\langle -| + |-\rangle\langle 0|]$$

$$S_y |+\rangle = \frac{\hbar i}{\sqrt{2}} |0\rangle$$

$$S_y |0\rangle = \frac{\hbar i}{\sqrt{2}} [-|+\rangle + |-\rangle]$$

$$S_y |-\rangle = -\frac{\hbar i}{\sqrt{2}} |0\rangle$$

$$d) \left[S_x = \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{2}} [|+\rangle\langle 0| + |0\rangle\langle +| + |0\rangle\langle -| + |-\rangle\langle 0|] \right]$$

$$e) \left(\frac{S_y}{\hbar} \right)^3 = \left(\frac{S_y}{\hbar} \right)$$

$$\frac{S_y}{\hbar} = \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\left(\frac{S_y}{\hbar} \right)^3 = \left(\frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^3 \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \left(\frac{-i}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^3 \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \left(\frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^3 \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{S_y}{\hbar} \checkmark$$

$$R(\theta, \hat{y}) = e^{-iS_y \theta / \hbar}$$

$$R(\theta, \hat{y}) = \mathbb{1} + (\cos(\theta) - 1) \left(\frac{S_y}{\hbar} \right)^2 - i \sin(\theta) \frac{S_y}{\hbar}$$

$$R\left(\frac{\pi}{2}, \hat{y}\right) = \mathbb{1} - \frac{S_y^2}{\hbar^2} - i \frac{S_y}{\hbar}$$

$$S_y^2 = \frac{\hbar^2}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{\hbar^2}{2} \left[\begin{array}{l} |+\rangle\langle+| - |+\rangle\langle-| + |-\rangle\langle+| \\ + |-\rangle\langle-| \end{array} \right]$$

$$R\left(\frac{\pi}{2}, \hat{y}\right) |+\rangle = |+\rangle - \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \frac{\hbar^2}{2} [|+\rangle\langle+| - |+\rangle\langle-|] - \frac{i}{\hbar} \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{2}} |0\rangle = \frac{1}{2} |+\rangle + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |0\rangle + \frac{1}{2} |-\rangle$$

$$R\left(\frac{\pi}{2}, \hat{y}\right) |0\rangle = |0\rangle - \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \frac{\hbar^2}{2} |0\rangle - i \frac{1}{\hbar} \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{2}} [-|+\rangle + |-\rangle] = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} [-|+\rangle + |-\rangle]$$

$$R\left(\frac{\pi}{2}, \hat{y}\right) |-\rangle = |-\rangle - \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \frac{\hbar^2}{2} [-|+\rangle + |-\rangle] + \frac{i}{\hbar} \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{2}} |0\rangle = \frac{1}{2} |+\rangle - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |0\rangle + \frac{1}{2} |-\rangle$$

Los vectores son los mismos.

P2 $m, q \quad E_x = E_0$

a) En representación de coordenadas \quad En representación de momentos

$$H = \hbar^2 \frac{\partial^2 \psi(x)}{\partial x^2} - q E_0 x$$

$$H = \frac{p^2}{2m} - q E_0 i \hbar \frac{\partial \psi(p)}{\partial p}$$

b)

$$H |\psi_E\rangle = H \psi_E(p)$$

$$H \psi_E(p) = \left(\frac{p^2}{2m} - i \hbar q E_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial p} \right) \psi_E(p) = E \psi_E(p)$$

$$\Psi'(p) = \left(\frac{p^2}{2m} - E \right) \frac{-i}{\hbar q E_0} \Psi(p)$$

$$\frac{d\Psi}{dp} = \frac{-i}{\hbar q E_0} \left[\frac{p^2}{2m} - E \right] \Psi$$

$$\frac{d\Psi}{\Psi} = \frac{-i}{\hbar q E_0} \left[\frac{p^2}{2m} - E \right] dp$$

$$\int \frac{d\Psi}{\Psi} = \frac{-i}{\hbar q E_0} \int \left(\frac{p^2}{2m} - E \right) dp$$

$$\ln(\Psi) = \frac{-i}{\hbar q E_0} \left[\frac{p^3}{6m} - pE \right]$$

$$\Psi(p) = e^{\frac{-i p}{\hbar q E_0} \left[\frac{p^2}{6m} - E \right]}$$

$$c) \langle x | \Psi \rangle = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \langle x | p \rangle \langle p | \Psi \rangle = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} dp \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} e^{i p x / \hbar} e^{\frac{-i p}{\hbar q E_0} \left[\frac{p^2}{6m} - E \right]}$$

$$d) \Psi(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} dp \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\hbar}} e^{i p x / \hbar} e^{\frac{-i p}{\hbar q E_0} \left[\frac{p^2}{6m} - E \right]}$$

potencial $\phi = -E_0 x$

